

# INSTALLATION, SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

# **BUTTERFLY VALVE**



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# **EC** DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (according to Directive 2006/42/CE, annex II, part A)

Manufacturer:

INOXPA, S.A. C/ Telers, 54 17820 Banyoles (Girona) - SPAIN

Hereby declares, that the product:

| VALVE | BUTTERFLY |
|-------|-----------|
| Name  | Туре      |

conforms to the specifications of the Council Directive:

**Machine Directive** 2006/42/EC, and complies with the essential requirements of the Directive and Harmonised Standards:

UNE-EN ISO 12100-1/2:2004 UNE-EN 953:1997 UNE-EN ISO 13732-1:2007

**Pressure Equipment Directive** 97/23/CE, the equipment has been designed and manufactured in accordance with the requirements of the Directive.

Max operating P.: DN-10 to DN-100/4" =10 bar / DN-125/5" to DN-150/6" =8 bar / DN-200/8" =5 bar

**Diameter:** X < or = DN-25 **Equipment category:** SEP = Sound Engineering Practice, determined according to Article 3 Section 1.3.a, first paragraph Annex II, Table 6 **This material SHALL NOT carry CE marking.** 

Diameter: DN-25 < X < or = DN-100 Equipment category: Category I, determined according Article 3 Section 1.3.a, first paragraph Annex II, Table 6 This material SHALL carry CE marking. Conformity Assessment Module: Module A

**Diameter:** DN-125/150/200 This valves are subject to the following assessment procedure, **Module A, Category I, fluids Group 2. This material SHALL carry CE marking.** 

In compliance with the Regulations **(CE)** nº 1935/2004, relating to materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuff (repeal Directive 89/109/CEE), the materials in contact with the product do not transfer their components in quantities which may jeopardise consumer's health or safety.

# Declaration of Incorporation (Directive 2006/42/CE, annex II, part B):

The equipments above mentioned won't put to operation till the machine into or onto it will be installed must comply with the stipulations of the Machine Directive.

DAVID REYERO Technical manager

Banyoles, 2013

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# 1. Safety

## **1.1. INSTRUCTION MANUAL.**

This instruction manual contains the basic instructions that must be followed during installation, commissioning and maintenance work.

The information given herein is base don the up-to-date data available.

INOXPA reserves the right to modif. This instructions manual without having to give prior notice.

### **1.2. COMMISSIONING.**

This instructions manual contains both essential and useful information in order that your valve be properly handled and maintained.

Not only should the safety instructions set forth in this chapter be obeyed, but all tose special measures and recommendations that have been added to other chapters herein must also be observed. It is extremely important that these instructions be kept in a set place near the installation.

### 1.3. SAFETY.

1.3.1. Warning signs.



Danger for people in general



Peligro! Electricity



**Danger! Suspended loads** 



Obligation to ensure safety at work



Danger of injury caused by rotating parts of the equipment



Danger! Caustic or corrosive agents



Danger to the proper operating of the machine



Use of safety goggles obligatory

# **1.4. GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS.**



Please read the instruction manual carefully befote installing and commissioning the valve. Should you have any doubts or queries, contact INOXPA.

**1.4.1.** During the installation procedure.



You must always bear in mind the *Technical Specifications* set forth in Chapter 8.

The installation and use of the valve / actuator must always be carried out in accordance with health and safety rules that are to be applied.

Before putting tha valve / actuator into operation, check to make sure that it has been correctly assembled and that the shaft has been perfectly aligned. Incorrect alignement and / or excessive force applied during the securing of the valve / actuator may give rise to serious mechanical problems.



During the installation procedure, all the electrical work must be carried out by duly authorised personnel.

#### 1.4.2. During operation.



You must always bear in mind the *Technical Specifications* set forth in Chapter 8. The limit values that have been set must NEVER be exceeded.





NEVER touch the valve and / or pipes that come into contact with the liquid whenever the valve in in service. If it works with hot products, there is a risk of getting burned.

Do not tamper with the actuator if there is a breakdown; the springs are not protected.



The valve / actuator has rotating parts. Do not put your hands or fingers in the coupling that joins the valve and actuator when the compressed air has been connected. Any such action may give rise to serious injury.

**1.4.3.** During maintenance work.



You must always bear in mind the *Technical Specifications* set forth in Chapter 8.

NEVER dismantle the valve down until the pipes have been drained. Remember that the liquid contained in the pipes can be dangerous or extremely hot. For situations of this type, please, consult the prevailing regulations in the country in question.

Do not leave loose parts on the floor.



All electrical work must be carried out by duly authorised personnel.

# 1.4.4. Compliance with the instructions.

Any failure to comply with the instructions could endanger the operators, the environment and the machine, and could result in the loss of any rights to claim damages.

Failure to observe these instructions could carry the following risks:

- Serious operacional failure of the machina / plant.
- Specific maintenance and faul repair procedures.
- The treta of electrical, mechanical and chemical risks.
- The environment may be endangered by the substances released.

## **1.5. GUARENTEE.**

Any guarantee will immediately become fully null and void, and what is more, we will be fully compensated for any civil liability claim made against us by third parties, in the event that:

- The installation and maintenance work has not been carried out in accordance with the instructions set forth in this manual.
- The repairs have not been carried out Esther by a member of our staff, or have been done without our company having issued prior written authorisation.
- The parts used are not original INOXPA pieces.
- Modifications have been carried out without prior griten consent.
- The material has been badly, incorrectly or negligently used, or has be used in accordance with the instructions and end set forth in this manual.

The general delivery conditions already in your possesson also apply.

Should you have any doubts or require more in-depth explanations about particular data (adjustments, assembly, dismontling, ...) please do not hesitate to contact us.



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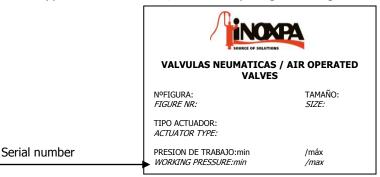


# **3. Reception and Installation**

# **3.1. CHECK THE DELIVERY**

The first thing to do on receiving the valve is to inspect it and make sure that is the same as that recorded on the delivery note. INOXPA checks all of its equipment befote packaging. Notwithstanding, it cannot guarantee that the goods in question Hill arrive at the ádrese intact. For this very reason, the valve that is received, as well as any other article, must be checked. In the event that the product is not in good condition and / or all the parts have not been received, the haulier must write up a report to this end as soon as posible.

Each valve is stamped with a manufacture number. Indicate this manufacture number on all documents and correspondence. Should the valve be supplied with an actuator, this will carry a tag containing the following information;



# 3.2. DELIBERY AND UNPACKING



**INOXPA** does not accept liability should the valve, actuator and its component parts be unsuitably packaged.

#### 3.2.1. Delivery:

Check that all of the parts liste don the delivery note have been received

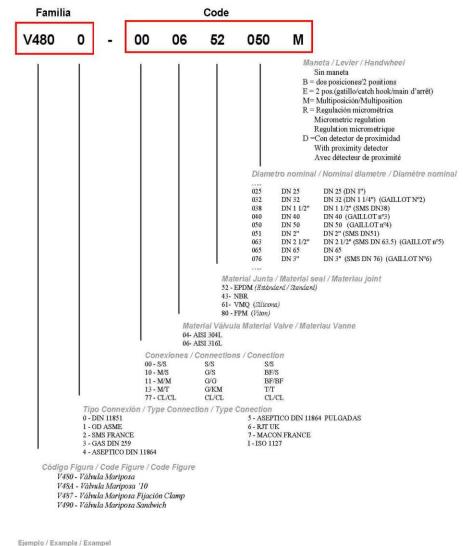
- Complete valve.
- Actuator and its components (whenever applicable).
- Delivery note.
- Instruction manual.

### 3.2.2. Unpacking:

- Remove the remains of packaging from the valves or its parts. Manually activated or pneumatically driven valves and their components are delivered fully assembled.
- Check the valve and the parts that g oto make it up for any posible damage received during its transportation.
- Take all the necessary measures to avoid damage to the valve / actuator and its components.



### 3.3. IDENTIFICATION



- Válvula Mariposa DIN AISI 316L, conexiones soldar/soldar DN-50, junta EPDM, con maneta multiposición.
- Butterfly valve DIN AISI 316L, welding connections DN-50, EPDM gaskets, with multiposition handle. Soupape de papillon DI N AISI 316L, souder conection DN-50, EPDM joints, avec poignée multiposition

The purchaser or user Will be responsable for assembly, installation, commissioning and operating of the valve with our without a pneumatic drive.

#### 3.4. POSITIONING.

Position the valve / actuator in such a way as to facilitate checks and inspectors. Leave enough clear space atound the valve / actuator so that it can be properly checked and service (See section 3.7.3). It is extremely important that access can be had to the actuator air connection device, even when this is in service. This equipment is suitable for his use in food process.

#### 3.5. ASSEMBLY.

After the positioning of the valve has been decided upon, the pipe can be welded to the valve body, or joined by means of accessories (connectors).

During the assembly of the valves excessive tightening must be avoided and special attention must be paid to:

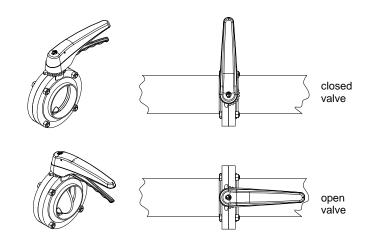
- The vibrations that may be produced in the installation.
- The swelling that the pipes may be subject too n account of the circulation of hot liquids.
- The weight that the pipes can bear.
- The excesive weld intensity.



# 3.6. INSPECTION AND CHECKING.

Carry out checks befote use:

- Open and close the valve several times in order to ensure that it Works properly and check that the butterfly smoothly connects up to the coupling.
- If the valve is fitted with a pneumatic drive, apply the compressed air three or tour times, checking to make sure that the valve carried out the opening and closing action without difficulty.



# 3.7. WELDING.



The welding work must only be carried out by properly qualified personnel, who have been trained and fitted out with the jeans hended to perform such tasks. Befote embarking on welding tasks, dismantle the valve.

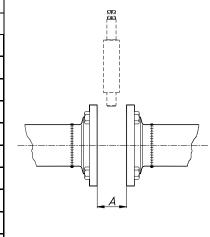
### 3.7.1. Welding the butterfly valve / welding. Fig. V4800.

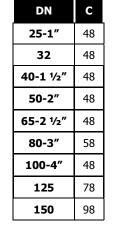
- Dismantle the valve as indicated in the section entitled *Dismantling*.
- Weld the two valve flanges to the pipes.
- On welding the two flanges of the valve body, check that they can be axially separated (See dimension A) in order to be able to strip the internal parts of the valve (butterfly and coupling).

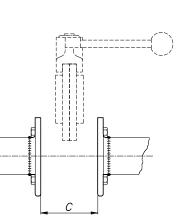
### 3.7.2. Sandwich butterfly valve. Fig. V4900.

- Weld the flanges to the pipes.
- It is very important to keep the distance (see dimension C) in order to enable axial movement and to facilitate valve assembly and stripping.
- Alter the flanges have been welded to the pipe, assemble the valve in accordance with the instructions set forth in Chapter 7.
- If the valve is pneumatically driven, follow the instructions set forth in *pag 16*.







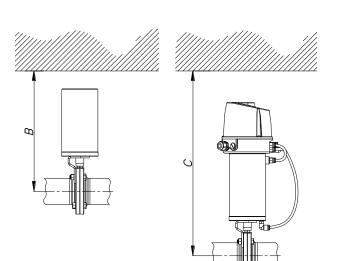




## 3.7.3. Valve with pneumatic drive.

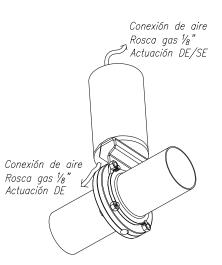
• When assembling a pneumatically driven valve it is extremely important to keep the minimal distance (dimension B) which Will enable the stripping of the actuator. In this case, one must bear in mind whether or not the actuator is fitted with a control head (dimension C).

|                | В                          | С   |
|----------------|----------------------------|---|
| DN             | With<br>pneumatic<br>drive | With<br>pneumatic<br>drive and<br>control<br>head |
| 10             | 253                        | 425   |
| 15             | 253                        | 425   |
| 20             | 258                        | 398   |
| 25-1″          | 267                        | 407   |
| 32             | 269                        | 409   |
| <b>40-1</b> ½″ | 272                        | 412   |
| 50-2″          | 298                        | 438   |
| 65             | 307                        | 447   |
| <b>2</b> ½″    | 299                        | 439   |
| 80             | 314                        | 454   |
| 3″             | 307                        | 447   |
| 100-4″         | 324                        | 464   |
| 125            | 388                        | 528   |
| 150            | 412                        | 552   |
| 200            | 435                        | 575   |



# 3.8. CONNECTING THE AIR TO ACTUATOR.

- Connect and check the air connections (BSP 1/8" thread) in accordance with double-effect or simple effect needs.
- Correctly point the actuator and butterfly depending on whether an NO/NC is required or not. By turning the butterfly 90°, one achieves one or the other solution.
- Mind the quality of the compressed air according to the specifications descirbed in capter 8 *Technical Specifications*.





# 4. Start-up

The valve can be commissioned or put into operation (with or without actuator) if the instructions set forth in Chapter 3 – *Reception and Installation* have been followed.

## 4.1. START-UP.



Before commissioning, the people who are responsible must be informed as to how the valve / actuator works and the safety instructions to be observed. This instructions manual will be readily available to personnel at all times.

Befote commissioning the valve / actuator the following needs to be borne in mind;

- Make sure that the pipe and the valve are completely free from all possible welding remains and other foreign bodies. If necessary, clean the system.
- Check the smooth operation of the valve. Should it be necessary, lubricate with special grease or soapy water.
- If the valve has been supplied with an actuator, make sure that the actuator shaft permits us a smooth action.
- Check the compressed air pressure at the actuator inlet is the same as that which is indicated in the technical specifications (*chapter 8*).
- Mind the quality of the compressed air according to the specifications descirbed in capter 8 Technical Specifications.
- Check for posible leaks, make sure that all of the pipes and their connections are sealed and from any leaks.
- Activate the valve.

## 4.2. OPERATION.



Do not modify the operation settings for which the valve / actuator has been designed without having received prior griten authorisation from INOXPA.

Do not touch the moving parts of the coupling between the actuator and the valve, when the former is connected up to the compressed air.



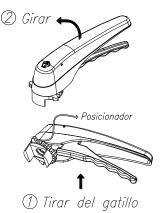
Canger of burns! Do not touch the valve or pipes while there is hot liquid in circulation or when clearing and / or sterilisation work is being carried out.

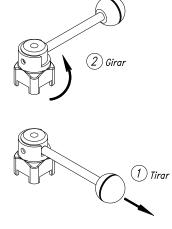
#### 4.2.1. Operating with two position handle.

- Enables the manual on/off operation of the valve.
- Pull the handle outwards.
- While pulling the handle turn it 90°

# 4.2.2. Operating with multi-position handle.

- This handle enables the gradual opening and closing of the valve. It has 5 positons.
- Pull the catch finger upwards (1).
- While the catch finger is held in position turn the handle. Release the catch finger in order to place it the desired close position (2).





Visually check that the sealing area is free from leaks.



# **5. Troubleshooting: Causes and solutions**

| PROBLEM   |   | CAUSE/EFFECT  | SOLUTION   |
|---|---|---|--|
| EXTERNAL LEAK.<br>THE PRODUCT IS<br>LEAKING AT THE<br>SHAFT | Most likely the seal has completely worn or is deteriorated.                                |   | <ul> <li>Replace the seat.</li> <li>Change the seats for others made of a different material more suitable to the product.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Normal wear   | and tear of the seat seals.   | Replace the seat.  |
| INTERNAL<br>PRODUCT LEAK<br>(CLOSED VALVE)                  | Premature<br>wearing of<br>seals  | Gasket worn or affected by the product.<br>Excessive pressure on line.<br>Work temperatura too high (nuts and<br>screws).<br>Loss of sealability (vibrations).<br>High manoeuvre periodicity (Num.<br>operations/tour). | <ul> <li>Change the gaskets for others<br/>made of a different material more<br/>suitable to the product.</li> <li>Tighten loose parts.</li> <li>Clean frequently.</li> <li>Decrease valve opening / closing<br/>frequency.</li> </ul> |
|   | The gaskets are jamming up.   |   | <ul> <li>Lubricate with soapy water or<br/>lubricant compatible with the<br/>gasket material and the product.</li> </ul>   |
| THE VALVE IS<br>JERKING                                     | The actuator does not operate the valve efficiently.  |   | <ul> <li>Check the supply pressure of the compressed air.</li> <li>Replace with a larger sized actuator.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Excessive pressure on line.   |   | Check the installation pressure     and adjust whenever necessary.   |
| THE VALVE DOES  | Deformation of gasket.<br>Incorrect operation of the actuator.<br>Worn actuator components. |   | <ul> <li>Replace the seals with others of different quality, if prematurely deteriorated.</li> <li>Replace from NC to NO.</li> </ul>   |
| NOT OPEN/CLOSE  | Dirt in actuator.   |   | <ul><li>Check the actuator.</li><li>Check the compressed air pressure.</li></ul>   |
| WATER HAMMER  | The valve closes too fast.  |   | • Adjust the closing speed of the actuator (with a flow regulator).  |



# 6. Maintenance

### 6.1. GENERAL COMMENTS

This valve, as with any other machine, needs to be maintained. The instructions container in this manual deal with the identification and replacement of the spare parts. These instructions have been drawn up by maintenance staff and are destined for those people who are responsible for supplying spare parts.



# Read carefully Chapter 8. Technical Specifications.

All the parts or materials that are changed must be duly eliminated / recycled in accordance with the prevailing directives in each area.

The assembly and stripping of the valves (with or without pneumatic drive) must only be carried out by qualified personnel.

Befote beginning the maintenance work, make sure that the compressed air is disconnected and that the pipes are not pressurised.

### 6.2. MAINTENANCE.

The following actions are recommended in order to carry out suitable maintenance:

- Regular checking of the valve, of the actuator and its components.
- Keep an operation record for each valve, noting down every incidente.
- Always make sure to have spare gaskets in stock.

Pay special attention to the danger warnings indicated in this manual whenever carrying out maintenance tasks.



Do not touch the moving parts when the actuator is connected to the compressed air.

The valve and the pipes must never be pressurised whenever maintenance work is being carried out.

The valve must never be hot during maintenance work. Danger of burns!

On stripping the actuator or maintenance / repair, the springs are not protected.

#### 6.2.1. Maintenance of the seat seal.

| REPLACING SEAL           |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Preventive maintenance   | Replace alter 12 months.  |
| Maintenance after a leak | Replace at the end of the process.  |
| Planned maintenance      | Regulary check the absence of leaks and the smooth operation of the valve.<br>Keep a record of the valve.<br>Use statistics for planning inspections. |
| Lubrication              | During assembly, apply lubricants that are compatible with the material of which the seat seal is made.   |

The time interval between each preventive maintenance, may vary in accordance with the work conditions to wich the valve is subject: temperatura, pressure, number of daily manoeuvres, type of clearing solutions used...

#### 6.2.2. Storage

Tha valves should be stored in a closed area, Ander the following conditions:

- Temperature from 15°C to 30°C
- Air humidity <60%

Outdoor storage of the equipment NOT permitted.

### 6.2.3. Spare parts

When it comes to ordering spare parts, the type of valve, the position and the description of the part, all to be found in the chapter on technical specifications, must be indicated. When ordering pneumatic actuators please indicate the type and number that are to be found on the data plate and engraved on the body of the valve.



# 6.3. CLEANING



The use of aggressive clearing products such as caustic soda and nitric acid may give rise to skin burns.

Use rubber gloves during the cleaning process.



Always use protective goggles.

# 6.3.1. Automatic CIP (cleaning-in-place)

If the valve is installed in a system fitted with a CIP process, there will be no need for stripping.

| Cleaning solutions for CIP processes.                                      |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Only use clear water (free from chlorine) to mix with the cleaning agents: |   |  |
| a) Alkaline solution:  | 1% by weight of caustic soda (NaOH) at 70°C (150°F)   |  |
|  | 1 Kg NaOH + 100 I. of water = cleaning solution<br>o<br>2.2 I. NaOH at 33% + 100 I. of water = cleaning solution                              |  |
| b) Acid solution:  | 0.5% by weight of nitric acid (HNO <sub>3</sub> ) at 70°C (150°F)<br>0.7 litres HNO <sub>3</sub> at 53% + 100 l. of water = cleaning solution |  |



# Control the concentration of cleaning solutions; it may cause the deterioration of the watertight seals of the valve

To eliminate the remains of cleaning products, ALWAYS carry out a final rinse on completion of the cleaning process.

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Before beginning the disassembly and assembly work, clean the valve inside as well as outside. Disconnect the air from the actuator.

### 6.3.2. Automatic SIP (sterilization-in-place)

....

The process of sterilization with steam is applied to all the equipment including the pigging.



- -

Do NOT start the equipment during the process of sterilization with steam. The parts/materials suffer no damage if the indications specified in this manual are observed.

No cold liquid can enter the equipment till the temperature of the equipment is lower than 60°C (140°F).

....

FPM / NBR / VMQ (not recommended)

| Maximum conditions during the SIP process with steam or overheated water |                   |                           |  |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------|--|
| a)   | Max. temperature: | 140°C / 284°F             |  |
| b)   | Max. time:        | 30 min                    |  |
| c)   | Cooling:          | Sterile air or inert gas  |  |
| d)   | Materials:        | EPDM / PTFE (recommended) |  |

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# 7. Assembly and dismantling



Work carefully. Failure to do so could result in personal injury.

The assembly and stripping of the valve (with or without pneumatic drive) must only be carried out by qualified personnel.



The following tools are needed in order to strip the valve down;

- 4mm (DN-10 to DN-100) or 5mm (DN-125 to DN-200) Allen key
- 2 fixed spanners 10mm (DN-10 to DN-20), 13mm (DN-25 to DN-125), 17mm (DN-150 to DN-200)

# 7.1. DISMANTLING / ASSEMBLY OF THE VALVE WITH TWO POSITION HANDLE.

# Dismantling

- Remove the plug (7) at the top part of the handle (04).
- Loosen the screw (23) and remove the entire handle (04)
- 3. Remove the screws (23B) and the nuts (26) that join both flanges.
- 4. Separate the flanges (2) and take out the bushs (17).
- 5. Remove the butterfly (3) with the gasket.(Put the plug in a safe place 7B).
- 6. Detach the gasket (5) from the butterfly (3).See point *7.4*.

# Assembly

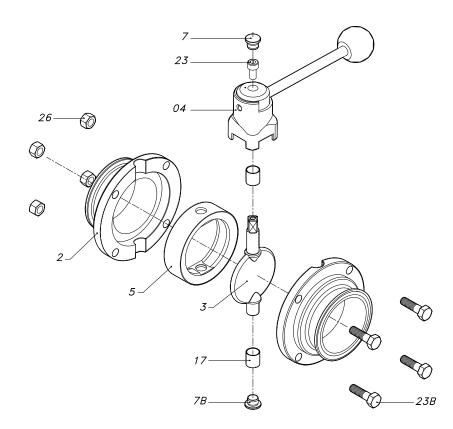
- 1. Lubricate the butterfly disc shaft and the gasket with soapy water
- Fit the butterfly (3) in the gasket (5). See *point 7.4.* **iWARNING!** After the gasket has been fit, leave the butterfly in the open position in order to facilitate the assembly of the valve.
- 3. Fit the butterfly and gasket assembly between the two sides (2).

4. Put the bushs (17) into butterfly shaft.

- 5. Position the screws (23B) and the nuts (26), screw them (to the tightness torque value indicated in chapter 8.1), check that the seat seal (5) and the bushes (17) are positioned correctly.
- 6. Fit the entire handle (04) into butterfly shaft (3) and put the handle arm in open position (aligned with the butterfly disk) and put the screw (23).
- 7. Place the plugs, one at the top part (7) of the handle and the other at the bottom part (7B) of the butterfly spindle.



Before putting the valve into operation open and close it several times in order to make sure that the butterfly is smoothly housed against the gasket.





# 7.2. DISMANTLING / ASSEMBLY OF THE VALVE WITH MULTI-POSITION HANDLE.

### Dismantling

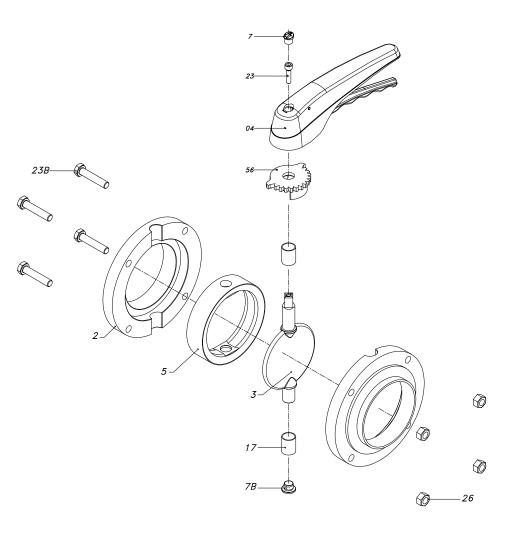
- 1. Remove the plug (7) at the topo f the handle (04).
- 2. Loosen the screw (23) and remove the entire handle (04).
- 3. Remove the positioner (56) from the flanges of the valve by using a screwdriver as a lever.
- 4. Take off the plug (7B) situated at the bottom part of the butterfly spindle.
- 5. Remove the screws (23B) and the nuts (26) that join both flanges.
- 6. Separate the flanges (2) and remove the bushs (17).
- 7. Take out the butterfly with the seat seal (3+5).
- 8. Detach the seal (5) from the butterfly (3).See point *7.4.*

### Assembly

- 1. Lubricate the butterfly shaft and the gasket with soapy water.
- Fit the butterfly (3) into the gasket (5).See point 7.4.
   iWARNING! After the seat seal has been fit, leave the butterfly in the open position in order to facilitate the assembly of the valva.
- 3. Fit the butterfly and seat seal assembly between the two flanges (2).
- 4. Put the bushs (17) into butterfly shaft.
- Position the screws (23B) and the nuts (26), Screw them (to the tightness torque value indicated in chapter 8.1), check that the seat seal (5) and the bushes (17) are positioned correctly.
- 6. Fit the positioner (56).
- 7. Fit the handle (04), in the open position (aligned with the butterfly disc) on the butterfly shaft and tighten the screw (23).
- 8. Place the plugs, one at the top part (7) of the andel and the other at the bottom part (7B) of the butterfly shaft.



Before putting the valve into operation open and close it several times in order to make sure that the butterfly is smoothly housed against the seat seal.





# 7.3. DISMANTLING / ASSEMBLY OF THE VALVE WITH PNEUMATIC ACTUATOR

# Dimantling

- 1. Disconnect the compressed air from the actuator.
- Loosen the two screws (23B) and the nuts (26) that join the actuator support (21) with the flanges (2).
- 3. Detach the support/actuator from the flanges.
- 4. Take out the screws (23) and separate the support (21) from the actuator (10).
- 5. Remove the on/off position indicator (58).
- 6. Take off the plug (7B) situated at the bottom part of the butterfly shaft.
- 7. Remove the screws (23B) and the nuts (26) that join the two flanges.
- 8. Separate the flanges (2) and remove the bushs (17).
- 9. Remove the butterfly with the gasket (3+5).
- Detach the seat seal (5) from the butterfly (3). See point *7.4*.

### Assembly

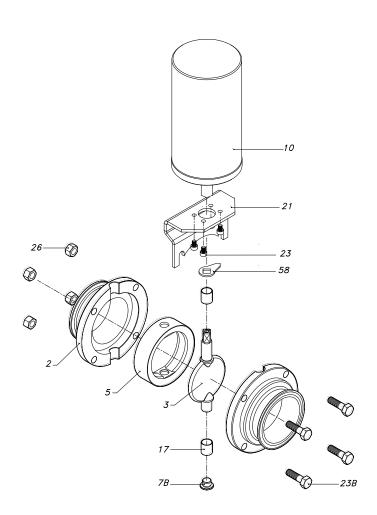
- 1. Lubricate the butterfly shaft and the gasket with soapy water.
- Fit the butterfly (3) into gasket (5). See point *7.4.* iWARNING! Alter the seal has been fit, leave the butterfly in the open position in

order to facilitate the assembly of the valve.

- 3. Fit the butterfly and seal assembly between the two flanges (2).
- 4. Put the bushs (17) into butterfly shaft.
- 5. Put the screws (23B) and nuts (26). Place the long screws to the upper part to fix the support (21).
- 6. Screw them (to the tightness torque value indicated in chapter 8.1), check that the seat seal (5) and the bushes (17) are positioned corretly.
- 7. Fit the support (21) on the actuator (10) and tighten the screws (23).
- 8. Loosen the two upper screws (23B) of the valve.
- 9. Place the position indicator (58) to the shaft of the disk (3) and place the actuator. See *chapter 7.5*.
- 10. Fix the support to the flange, check the position of the actuator, loosen the screws (23) if necessary. Place the actuator and tighten the screws.



Before putting the valve into operation open and close it several times in order to make sure that the butterfly is smoothly housed against the seat seal.



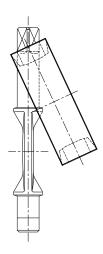


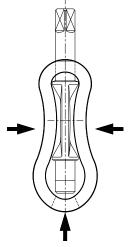
## 7.4. FITTING THE SEAT SEAL.



Carry out the operation with great care, avoiding any deterioration of the seat seal.

Make sure that all parts are in perfect condition and free from any dirt.

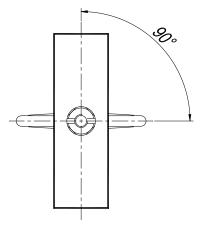






Insert the long butterfly spindle into one of the seal holes.

Stretch the seal as shown in the drawing, in such a way that it is possible to insert the short spindle in the free gasket hole.



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Turn the butterfly until it is perpendicular to the seal. This position facilitates its assembly in the body of the valve.

### 7.5. ACTUATOR FITTING OPTIONS.

#### NC Air/Spring (Normally Closed).

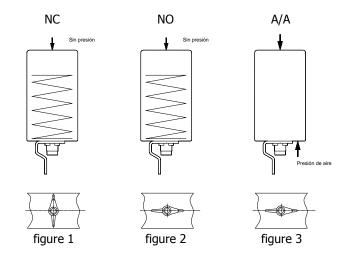
The butterfly (3) and the position indicator (58) must be in the closed position (see figure 1).

### NO Air/Spring (Normally Open).

The butterfly (3) and the position indicator (58) must be in the open position (see figure 2).

#### A/A Double effect.

The butterfly (3) and the position indicator (58) must be in the open position (see figure 3). Before assembly supply compressed air at the coger actuator connection.



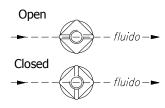
### 7.6. VALVE POSITION.

See the position of the shaft (8) to chek the position of the valve, open or closed, during the assembly/disassembly or replacement of the andel-actuator.

At the upper part of the shaft (8) there is a groove. It indicates the position of the valve:

2

- Open; the groove i son the line of the fluid circulation.
- Closed; the groove 'cuts' the circulation of the fluid.





# 8. Technical Specifications

# **8.1. TECHNICAL FEATURES**

| GENERAL FEATURES            |   |  |    |    |             |       |    |        |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |
|-----------------------------|---|--|----|----|-------------|-------|----|--------|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Maximum working process     | DN-10 to 100 / DN-1/2" a 4" DN-125 to 150 / DN-5" to 6" |  |    |    | DN-200 / 8" |       |    |        |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |
| Maximum working pressure    |   | 10 bar 8 bar   |    |    |             | 5 bar |    |        |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |
| Maximum working temperature |   | 121°C (250 °F) Standard seat seal EPDM<br>(For higher temperatures other qualities of seals will be applied) |    |    |             |       |    |        |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |
| Operating torque [N.m.]     | 10  | 15   | 20 | 25 | 32          | 40    | 50 | 2 1/2″ | 65 | 3″ | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 |
| (by dry process)            | 6   | 6  | 6  | 8  | 9           | 10    | 14 | 15     | 18 | 18 | 20 | 25  | 55  | 70  | 90  |
| Surface finish              |   | In contact with the product: $Ra \le 0.8 \ \mu m$<br>Outside surfaces: mechanized finish (turned)            |    |    |             |       |    |        |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |

| MATERIAL                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pieces in contact with the product  | AISI 316L (1.4404) AISI 304L (1.4306)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other stainless stell pieces        | AISI 304 (1.4301)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gaskets in contact with the product | EPDM (standard) - NBR - VITON - SILICONE.                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surface finish                      | Pieces in contact with the product.< Ra. 0,8 $\mu$ m                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type connections                    | DIN 11851 (Standard)<br>Welding,FIL-IDF, BS-RJT, SMS, Clamp, Flanges, Macon. |  |  |  |  |  |

| PNEUMATIC ACTUATOR GENERAL FEATURES |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                     | 10 (1/2'') - 15 - 20 (3/4'') - 25 (1'') - 32 - 40 (1 1/2'')<br>Air/Spring:0,15 litros / Air/Air:0,3 litros<br>50 (2'') - 65 (2 1/2'') - 80 (3'') - 100 (4'')   |  |  |  |  |
| Air consumption/cicle               | Air/Spring:0,25 litros / Air/Air:0,5 litros<br>125 – 150 (6") – 200<br>Air/Spring:0,85 litros / Air/Air:1,7 litros   |  |  |  |  |
| Air pressure (Actuator)             | 6-8 bar (87-116 PSI) Air/Spring<br>4-6 bar (58-87 PSI) Air/Air   |  |  |  |  |
| Air compressed quality              | <ul> <li>According to DIN/ISO 8573.1         <ul> <li><u>Solid particle content</u>: Quality class 3 / Particle size max. 5 micres / Particle density max. 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup></li> <li><u>Water content</u>: Quality class 4 / max. Dew point +2°C If the valve is used at higher altitudes or at low ambient temperaturas, the dew point must be adapted accordingly</li> <li><u>Oil content</u>: Quality class 5, preferably oil free / max. 25 mg oil in 1 m<sup>3</sup> air</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |
| Weight                              | 10 $(\frac{1}{2}'') - 15 - 20 (\frac{3}{4}'') - 25 (1'') - 32 - 40 (1 \frac{1}{2}'')$<br>Air/Spring 2,13Kg / Air/Air 1,71Kg<br>50 (2'') - 65 (2 $\frac{1}{2}'') - 80 (3'') - 100 (4'')$<br>Air/Spring 3,0Kg / Air/Air 2,35Kg<br>125 - 150 (6'') - 200<br>Air/Spring 8,34Kg / Air/Air 6,37Kg  |  |  |  |  |
| Angle of turn                       | 900  |  |  |  |  |



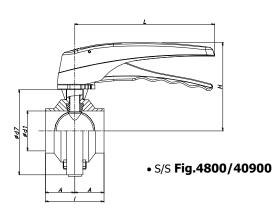
|                                | Source of solutions   |
|--------------------------------|---|
|                                | 10 (1/2") – 15 – 20 (3/4") – 25 (1") – 32 – 40 (1 1/2")<br>15Nm (air/spring) / 25Nm (air/air) |
| Maximum operating torque       | 50 (2") – 65 (2 ½") – 80 (3") – 100 (4")<br>35Nm (air/spring) / 60Nm (air/air)                |
|                                | 125 – 150 (6") – 200<br>90Nm (air/spring) / 150Nm (air/air)                                   |
| Continuous working temperatura | -20°C a +50°C   |
| Air connection                 | R1/8" (BSP)   |

# Tools/ Operating torque flange assembly

| Valve dimensions         | DN-10 / 20<br>DN-1/2" / 3/4" | DN-25 / 125<br>DN-1" / 4" | DN-200<br>DN-6″ |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Fixed spanners DIN 37110 | 10                           | 13                        | 17              |
| Operating torque         | 16 Nm                        | 21 Nm                     | 42 Nm           |



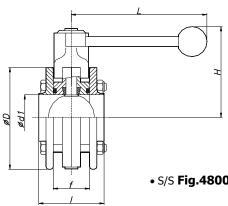
# 8.2. MANUAL VALVE DIMENSIONS



| DN   | d1  | d7  | Α  | Ι   | Н   | L   |
|------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| 10   | 10  | 62  | 20 | 40  | 90  | 115 |
| 15   | 16  | 62  | 20 | 40  | 90  | 115 |
| 20   | 20  | 72  | 20 | 40  | 95  | 115 |
| 25   | 26  | 87  | 20 | 40  | 102 | 115 |
| 32   | 32  | 92  | 21 | 42  | 105 | 170 |
| 40   | 38  | 97  | 25 | 50  | 107 | 170 |
| 50   | 50  | 110 | 25 | 50  | 115 | 170 |
| 65   | 66  | 127 | 25 | 50  | 125 | 170 |
| 80   | 81  | 142 | 30 | 60  | 130 | 170 |
| 100  | 100 | 162 | 30 | 60  | 150 | 170 |
| 125* | 125 | 190 | 55 | 110 | 147 | 270 |
| 150* | 150 | 240 | 66 | 132 | 180 | 300 |
| 200* | 200 | 284 | 75 | 150 | 205 | 325 |

| DN           | d1    | d7  | Α  | I   | Н   | L   |
|--------------|-------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1/2″         | 9,4   | 62  | 20 | 40  | 90  | 115 |
| 3⁄4″         | 15,8  | 62  | 20 | 40  | 90  | 115 |
| 1″           | 22,1  | 87  | 20 | 40  | 102 | 115 |
| 1 1/2″       | 34,9  | 97  | 25 | 50  | 107 | 170 |
| 2″           | 47,6  | 110 | 25 | 50  | 115 | 170 |
| <b>2</b> ½″  | 60,3  | 118 | 25 | 50  | 125 | 170 |
| 3″           | 72,9  | 131 | 25 | 50  | 130 | 170 |
| 4″           | 97,4  | 162 | 30 | 60  | 150 | 170 |
| <b>6</b> ″ * | 146,8 | 240 | 66 | 132 | 180 | 300 |
| 8″ *         | 197,6 | 284 | 75 | 150 | 205 | 325 |

\*Only with two position handle



| DN   | <b>d1</b> | D   | I   | f  | Н   | L   |
|------|-----------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 25   | 26        | 93  | 68  | 40 | 90  | 150 |
| 32   | 32        | 98  | 68  | 40 | 93  | 150 |
| 40   | 38        | 103 | 68  | 40 | 95  | 150 |
| 50   | 50        | 115 | 72  | 40 | 100 | 150 |
| 65   | 66        | 132 | 72  | 40 | 110 | 150 |
| 80   | 81        | 145 | 80  | 40 | 117 | 180 |
| 100  | 100       | 165 | 80  | 40 | 128 | 180 |
| 125* | 125       | 191 | 120 | 70 | 147 | 270 |
| 150* | 150       | 240 | 140 | 90 | 180 | 300 |

| DN          | <b>d1</b> | D   | Ι   | f  | H   | L   |
|-------------|-----------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 1″          | 22,1      | 93  | 68  | 40 | 90  | 150 |
| 1 1/2″      | 34,9      | 103 | 68  | 40 | 95  | 150 |
| 2″          | 47,6      | 115 | 72  | 40 | 100 | 150 |
| <b>2</b> ½″ | 60,3      | 117 | 72  | 40 | 110 | 150 |
| 3″          | 72,9      | 132 | 72  | 40 | 117 | 180 |
| 4″          | 97,4      | 165 | 80  | 40 | 128 | 180 |
| 6″ *        | 146,8     | 240 | 140 | 90 | 180 | 300 |

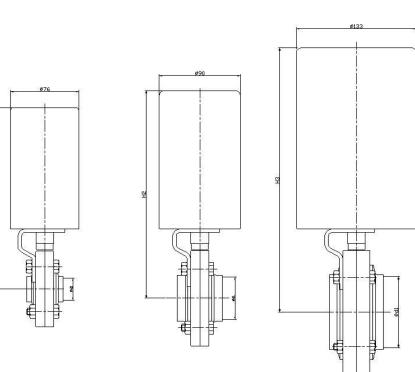
\*Only with two position handle



# 8.3. PNEUMATIC VALVE DIMENSIONS

| DN  | d1  | Н   |    |
|-----|-----|-----|----|
| 10  | 10  | 193 | H1 |
| 15  | 16  | 193 | H1 |
| 20  | 20  | 198 | H1 |
| 25  | 26  | 207 | H1 |
| 32  | 32  | 209 | H1 |
| 40  | 38  | 212 | H1 |
| 50  | 50  | 238 | H2 |
| 65  | 66  | 247 | H2 |
| 80  | 81  | 254 | H2 |
| 100 | 100 | 264 | H2 |
| 125 | 125 | 328 | H3 |
| 150 | 150 | 352 | H3 |
| 200 | 200 | 375 | H3 |
|     |     |     |    |

| 1/2″        | 9,4   | 193 | H1 |
|-------------|-------|-----|----|
| 3/4″        | 15,8  | 198 | H1 |
| 1″          | 22,1  | 207 | H1 |
| 1 1/2″      | 34,9  | 212 | H1 |
| 2″          | 47,6  | 238 | H2 |
| <b>2</b> ½″ | 60,3  | 239 | H2 |
| 3″          | 72,9  | 247 | H2 |
| 4″          | 97,4  | 264 | H2 |
| 6″          | 146,8 | 352 | H3 |



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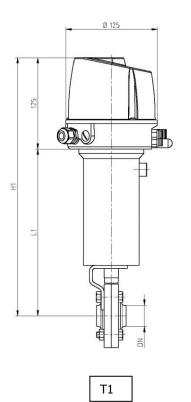


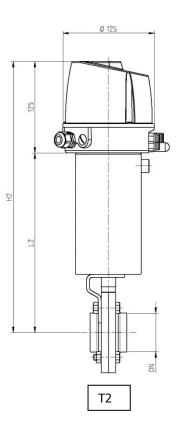
# 8.4. PNEUMATIC VALVE DIMENSIONS AND C-TOP

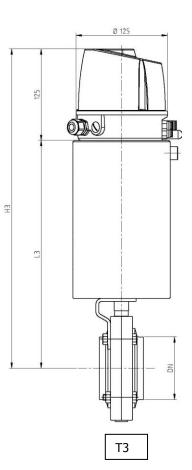
|          |            | T1  |     |
|----------|------------|-----|-----|
|          | DN         | L1  | H1  |
|          | 10-15—1/2″ | 213 | 338 |
| STANDARD | 20-3/4″    | 218 | 343 |
| Ŋ        | 25-1″      | 227 | 352 |
| STA      | 32         | 229 | 354 |
| •7       | 40-11/2″   | 232 | 357 |

|          |          | T2  |     |
|----------|----------|-----|-----|
|          | DN       | L2  | H2  |
|          | 25—1″    | 234 | 359 |
|          | 32       | 236 | 361 |
|          | 40-11/2″ | 239 | 364 |
|          | 50-2″    | 245 | 370 |
| RD       | 21/2″    | 146 | 271 |
| NDA      | 65-3″    | 254 | 379 |
| STANDARD | 80       | 261 | 386 |
| S        | 100-4″   | 271 | 396 |

|          |        | Т3  |     |
|----------|--------|-----|-----|
| ß        | DN     | L3  | H3  |
| DAR      | 125    | 336 | 461 |
| STANDARD | 150-6″ | 360 | 485 |
|          | 200-8″ | 383 | 508 |







| SOURCE OF SOLUTIONS |
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