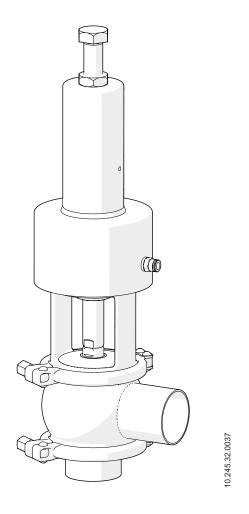
SINGLE SEAT RELIEVE VALVE

INNOVA J









INOXPA S.A.U.

Telers, 60 17820 - Banyoles (Spain)

hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the

Machine: **RELIEF VALVE**

Model: INNOVA

Type: **J**

Size: DN 25 - DN 100 / OD 1" - OD 4"

Serial number: **IXXXXXXXX** to **IXXXXXXXX**

XXXXXXXXIINXXX to XXXXXXXXIINXXX

fulfills all the relevant provisions of the following directive:

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU¹ Regulation (EC) nº 1935/2004 Regulation (EC) nº 2023/2006

and with the following harmonized standards and/or regulations:

EN ISO 12100:2010, EN ISO 13732-1:2008, EN 1672-2:2005+A1:2009, EN ISO 14159:2008, EN 12266-1:2012, EN 19:2016

The technical file has been prepared by the signer of this document.

David Reyero Brunet Technical Office Manager 20th May 2024

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Document: 10.245.30.10EN Revision: (0) 2024/05



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Machine: RELIEF VALVE

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fulfills all the relevant provisions of these regulations:

Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016¹

and with the following designated standards:

EN ISO 12100:2010, EN ISO 13732-1:2008, EN 1672-2:2005+A1:2009, EN ISO 14159:2008, EN 12266-1:2012, EN 19:2016

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Document: 10.245.30.11EN Revision: (0) 2024/05

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2. Generalities

2.1. INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL

This manual contains information about the reception, installation, operation, assembly and maintenance of the single seat relief valve INNOVA J.

Carefully read the instruction prior to starting the valve, familiarize yourself with the installation, operation and correct use of the valve and strictly follow the instructions. These instructions should be kept in a safe location near the installation area.

The information published in the instruction manual is based on updated data.

INOXPA reserves the right to modify this instruction manual without prior notice.

2.2. COMPLIANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS

Not following the instructions may impose a risk for the operators, the environment and the machine, and may cause the loss of the right to claim damages.

This non-compliance may cause the following risks:

- failure of important machine/plant functions,
- failure of specific maintenance and repair procedures,
- possible electrical, mechanical and chemical hazards,
- risk to the environment due to the type of substances released.

2.3. WARRANTY

The conditions of the warranty are specified in the General Sales Condition that has been delivered at the time of placing your order.



The machine may not undergo any modification without prior approval from the manufacturer.

For your safety, only use original spare parts and accessories. The usage of other parts will relieve the manufacturer of any liability.

Changing the service conditions can only be carried out with prior written authorization from INOXPA.

The non-compliance of the prescribed indications in this manual means misuse of this gear on the technical side and the personal safety and this exempts INOXPA of all responsibility in case of accidents and personal injuries and/or property damage. Also, excluded from the warranty all breakdowns caused by improper use of the gear.

Please do not hesitate to contact us in case of doubts or if further explanations are required regarding specific data (adjustments, assembly, disassembly, etc.).

3. Safety

3.1. WARNING SYMBOLS



Safety hazard for people in general and/or equipment

ATTENTION

Important instruction to prevent damage to the equipment and/or its function

3.2. GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



Read the instruction manual carefully before installing and starting the valve. Contact INOXPA in case of doubt.

3.2.1. During installation



Always take into account the Technical Specifications of chapter 9.

The installation and use of the valve should always be in accordance with applicable regulations regarding health and safety.

Before starting up the valve, check that it is assembled correctly and its shaft is perfectly aligned. Incorrect alignment and/or excessive stress during coupling can cause serious mechanical problems in the valve.

3.2.2. During operation



Always take into account the Technical Specifications of chapter 9.

NEVER exceed the specified limit values.

NEVER touch the valve and/or piping that is in contact with the fluid during operation. If the process involves hot products there is a risk of burns.

The valve contains parts that move in a linear fashion. Do not place hands or fingers in the valve closing area. This can cause serious injury.

3.2.3. During maintenance



Always take into account the Technical Specifications of chapter 9.

NEVER disassemble or remove the valve until the pipes have been emptied. Bear in mind that the fluid in the pipe may be hazardous or extremely hot. Consult the regulations in effect in each country for these cases.

Inside the actuator there is a spring with an applied load. The steps specified in this manual must be followed when performing maintenance operations to avoid injury. Do not leave loose parts on the floor.

4. General Information

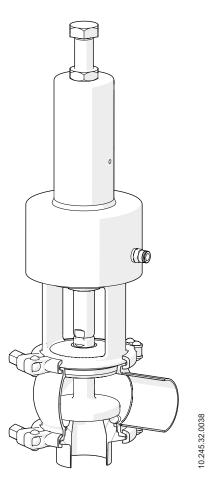
4.1. DESCRIPTION

INNOVA J valve is a pneumatically actuated single seat valve designed for use as a relief valve. The closing pressure of the valve is set by the spring pressure, which can be regulated using the screw located on the top of the valve. When the set pressure exceeds, the valve opens.

The valve is provided with a pneumatic seat lift, which allows the CIP liquid to pass through during the CIP process.

4.2. APPLICATION

The INNOVA J valve is designed for dairy, food, beverage, pharmaceutical and chemical industries.



5. Installation

5.1. RECEPTION OF THE VALVE



INOXPA is not liable for any deterioration of the material caused by its transport or unpacking.

When receipt the valve, check to see whether all the parts listed on the delivery slip are present:

- complete valve,
- its components if any are supplied,
- quick installation guide with access to the complete instructions manual.

INOXPA inspects all its equipment before packaging. However, it cannot guarantee that the merchandise arrives at the user intact.

When unpacking the valve:

- remove any possible traces of packaging from the valve or its parts,
- inspect the valve or the parts that comprise it for possible damage incurred during shipping,
- take all possible precautions against damage to the valve and its components.

5.2. TRANSPORT AND STORAGE



The buyer or user shall be liable for assembly, installation, start-up and operation of the valve.

Take all possible precautions when transport and storage the valve to avoid damage it and its components.

5.3. IDENTIFICATION OF THE VALVE

Each valve is inscribed with its fabrication number. Indicate the fabrication number on all documents to refer to the valve.



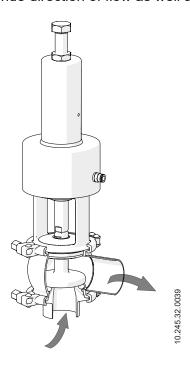
WB	J	L	0	-	0	06	52	050	120	0		
										Options		
										0 ID Ra	a ≤ 0,8	
										1 ID Ra	a ≤ 0,5	
									Actu	ator		
									110	T1 A/S NC		
									120	T2 A/S NC		
									130	T3 A/S NC		
								Size				
								025	DN 2	25, OD 1"	065	DN 65
								040	DN 4	0, OD 1½"	076	OD 3"
								050	DN 5	50, OD 2"	080	DN 80
								063	OD 2	21/2"	100	DN 100, OD 4"
							Seals	3				
							43	HNBI	₹			
							52	EPDI	M			
							78	FPM				
						Mate	rial					
						06)4 (AIS	I 316L	_)		
						nectio	n					
					0	weld						
				dard p	ipe							
			0	DIN								
			1	OD								
		_	y conf	igurati	on							
		L,T				1 boo	-					
	_	A,B,0	J,D			2 boo	dies					
	Туре		. ,									
D .	J		valve									
	uct far		1									
WB	INNC	VA va	lve									

5.4. LOCATION

Place the valve leaving enough space around it to realize easily the dismantling, the inspection and the review the valve as well as in order to access to the actuator air connection's device for valves with automatic actuation even when the valve is operating. Consult in chapter 5.8. Welding the required minimum distances. The installation should allow that the removable parts are could remove easily.

5.5. DIRECTION OF FLOW

The recommended direction of flow is contrary to the movement of the valve closing so that when the valve is closing, the valve will always work against the fluid pressure. Follow these indications to avoid the water hammer, which can occur when valves close, minimising its consequences. The next figures show the recommende direction of flow as well as the direction of closing.



5.6. GENERAL INSTALLATION

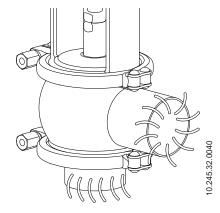
After the location of the valve is defined, the valve can be joined to the pipe by welding the valve housing or using fittings.

In case of joining the valve to the pipe by fittings do not forget the seals and tighten the unions properly.

If instead, the valve is joined by welding, before starting to weld the valve bodies to the pipe disassemble the valve to prevent damage to the joints, following the instructions in chapter 8.4. Disassembly and assembly the valve.

During installation, the valve avoids using excessive force and pay special attention to:

- vibrations that may be produced on the facility,
- hermal dilation that the pipe may undergo when hot fluids are circulating,
- the weight that the pipe can support,
- excessive welding current.



5.7. CHECKING AND REVIEW

Perform the following checks before using the valve:

- check that the clamps and nuts are tightened,
- open and close the valve, applying compressed air to the actuator, several times to make sure it operates correctly and that the shaft seal is coupled smoothly to the valve body.

5.8. WELDING

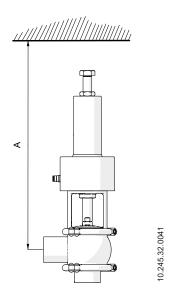


Welding work should only be done by qualified persons who are trained and equipped ith the necessary equipment to perform this kind of work.

To perform the welding works:

- disassemble the valve as indicated in chapter 8.4. Disassembly and assembly the valve,
- weld the valve body to the pipes maintaining the distance indicated in the following table. This will allow for the disassembly of the valve, doing the subsequent reviews and changing the necessary valve pieces like seals, bushings, etc.

DIN - OD	A [mm]	
25 - 1"	390	
40 - 1½"	400	
50 - 2"	430	
65 - 2½"	460	
80 - 3"	470	
100 - 4"	460	



5.9. VALVE CONFIGURATION WITH ACTUATOR

The standard configuration of the valves is NC (normally closed).



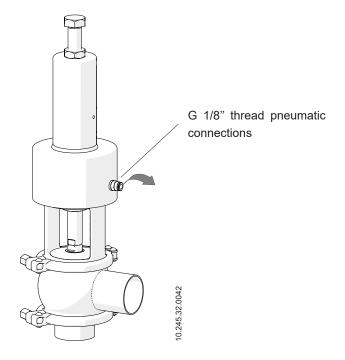
Always disconnect the compressed air before starting to disassemble the valve. Never disassemble the valve clamps directly without reading the instructions carefully, since the actuator contains a spring inside it with an applie load.

Valve and actuator assembly and disassembly should only be done by qualified persons.

5.10. ACTUATOR AIR CONNECTION

To perform the air connection to the actuator:

- connect and check the air connections (G 1/8" thread for tubing Ø6 mm)
- mind the quality of the compressed air according to the specifications described in chapter 9. Technical Specifications.



6. Start-up



Read carefully the instructions in chapter 5. Installation before start-up the valve.



Before start-up, the persons in charge must be duly informed about how the valve works and the safety instructions to follow. This instruction manual will be available to personnel at all times.

Before putting the valve or the actuator into service the following must be taken into consideration:

- check that the piping and valve are completely free of possible traces of welding slag or other foreign particles. Clean the system if necessary,
- check to make sure the valve moves smoothly. If necessary, lubricate it with special grease or soapy water,
- check for possible leaks, and make sure the pipes and their connections are sealed and do not have any leaks,
- if the valve has been supplied with an actuator, make sure that the alignment of the valve shaft and the actuator shaft enables smooth movement,
- check that the compressed air pressure at the inlet of the actuator matches what is indicated in chapter 9. Technical Specifications,
- consider the quality of the compressed air, according to the specifications described in chapter 9. Technical Specifications,
- activate the valve.

ATTENTION



Do not modify the operating parameters for which the valve has been designed without prior written authorisation from INOXPA.

Do not touch the moving parts of the coupling between the actuator and the valve when the actuator is connected to the compressed air supply.



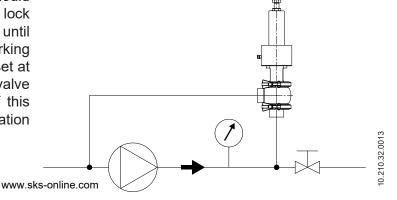
¡Burn hazard! Do not touch the valve or pipes when the hot fluids are circulating or when cleaning and/or sterilization are being carried out.

6.1. VALVE SETTING

The customer can set the INNOVA J valve. It needs a pump, a gauge to measure the pressure, a shut-off valve and an INNOVA J valve to realise the setting.

The process consists of putting into operation the pump with the shut-off valve in the closed position. The bypass (recirculation) will be done by the flow passing for the INNOVA J valve.

To realise the setting valve, you should thigthen the top screw, loosening the lock nut previously, of the INNOVA J valve until the gauge indicates the maximum working pressure of the pump. The valve will be set at the pressure indicated in the gauge. The valve will open and the flow will recirculate if this pressure is exceeded, avoiding the installation damage.



7. Operating problems

Wa	ater hammer									
	Valve does not open/close									
		Internal leak of product (valve closed)								
			Jerky valve operation							
				POSSIBLE CAUSES	SOLUTIONS					
			•	The seal or guide bushing is worn, deteriorated or has gotten stuck	Replace the seals. Replace the seals with ones made of a different material or grade that is more appropriate for the product. Lubricate with soapy water or a lubricant that is compatible with the seal material and the product.					
				Insufficient air pressure	Replace the actuator with a larger one. Increase the compressed air pressure.					
		•		Normal seal wear	Replace the seals.					
		•		Premature wear of the seal/affected by the product	Replace the seals with ones made of a different material or grade that is more appropriate for the product. Reducte the pressure in the line. Lower the operating temperature.					
		•		Product residue has deposited on the valve seat and/or plug	Clean frequently.					
		•		Excess product pressure	Replace the actuator with a larger one. Connect an auxiliary compressed air nipple on the side of the spring to offset the excess pressure without exceeding 4 bar. Reduce the product pressure.					
		•		Loss of seal (vibrations)	Tighten loose parts.					
	•			Warping of seals	Replace the seals with ones of a different quality if they have deteriorated prematurely.					
	•			Actuator spring is in poor condition and/or suck (dirty)	Replace the spring or clean.					
•				The direction of flow is the same as the direction of closing	The direction of flow should go against the direction of closing. Choke the air discharge to reduce the pressure.					

8. Maintenance

8.1. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

This valve, just like any other machine, requires maintenance. The instructions in this chapter cover the maintenance of the valve, the identification and replacement of the spare parts and the disassembly and assembly of the valve. The instructions are aimed at maintenance personnel and those responsible for the supply of spare parts.

Read carefully the chapter 9. Technical Specifications.



Maintenance work should only be done by qualified persons who are trained and equipped with the necessary equipment to perform this kind of work.

All replaced material should be duly disposed or recycled according to the directives in effect in each area.

Make sure that the pipes are not under pressure before starting maintenance work..

8.2. MAINTENANCE

To perform maintenance properly is recommended:

- periodic inspection of the valve and its components,
- keeping an operational record of each valve writing down any problems,
- always having spare replacement seals in stock.

Pay special attention to the hazard warnings indicated in this manual during the performance of the maintenance work.



The valve and the pipes must never be under pressure during maintenance. ¡Burn hazard! Do not touch the valve or the pipes when hot fluids are circulating or when cleaning and/or sterilization are being carried out.

The time interval between each preventive maintenance may vary in accordance with the work conditions to which the valve is subject: temperature, pressure, number of operations per day, type of cleaning solutions used, etc.

8.2.1. Maintenance of the seals

REPLACING SEAL	
Preventive maintenance	Replace after 12 months
Maintenance after a leak	Replace at the end of the process
Planned maintenance	Regularly check the absence of leaks and the smooth operation of the valve. Keep a record of the valve's maintenance. Use statistics for planning inspections.
Lubrication	During assembly, apply lubricants that are suitable with the material of which the seat seal is made. See the following table.

SEAL COMPONENT	LUBRICANT	NLGI DIN 51818 Class
HNBR / FPM	klübersynth UH 1 64-2403	3
EPDM / HNBR / FPM	PARALIQ GTE 703	3

8.2.2. Storage

The valves should be stored in a closed area under the following conditions:

- temperature between 15°C y 30°C,
- air humidity < 60%

Storage of the equipment outdoors is NOT allowed.

8.2.3. Spare parts

To request spare parts is necessary to indicate the type of valve, the size, the fabrication number, the position and the description of the part which can be found in chapter 9. Technical Specifications.

8.3. CLEANING



The use of aggressive cleaning products such as caustic soda and nitric acid may burn the skin

Wear rubber gloves during all cleaning procedures.

Always wear protective goggles.

8.3.1. CIP (clean-in-place) cleaning

If the valve is installed in a system with a CIP process, its disassembly will not be required. EPDM is the standard seal material that will be used for CIP cleaning, both in alkaline mediums and in acid mediums. The materials of the seal HNBR and FPM are not recommended.

Two types of solutions can be used for CIP processes:

- a. alkaline solution: 1% by weight of caustic soda (NaOH) at 70°C (150°F). To make this solution:
 - 1 kg NaOH + 100 l H₂O¹ = cleaning solution
 - 2,2 I NaOH at 33% + 100 I H₂O = cleaning solution
- **b. acid solution**: 0,5% by weight of nitric acid (HNO₃) at 70°C (150°F). To make this solution: 0.7 I HNO_3 at 53% + 100 I H₂O = solución de limpieza

1) only use chlorine-free water to mix with the cleaning agents



ATTENTION

Check the concentration of the cleaning solutions. An incorrect concentrations may lead to the deterioration of the valve seals.

To remove any traces of cleaning products, ALWAYS perform a final rinse with clean water at the end of the cleaning process.



Clean the entire interior and exterior of the valve before starting disassembly and assembly tasks.

8.3.2. Automatic SIP (sterilization-in-place)

Sterilization with steam is applied to all equipment including the pipping.

ATTENTION



Do NOT start the equipment during the sterilization with steam.

The parts and the materials will not be damaged if the indications specified in this manual are observed.

No cold fluid can enter the equipment until the temperature of the equipment is lower than 60°C (140°F).

Maximum conditions during the SIP process with steam or superheated water:

a. maximum temperature: 140°C / 284°F

b. maximum time: 30 min

c. cooling: sterile air or inter gas

d. materials: EPDM (the materials HNBR and FPM are not recommended)

8.4. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF THE VALVE



Proceed with caution. Personal injury can occur.

Always disconnect the compressed air before starting to disassemble the valve.

Never disassemble the valve clamps directly without reading the instructions carefully, since the actuator contains a spring inside it with an applie load.

Valve and actuator assembly and disassembly should only be done by qualified persons.

The following tools are needed in order to disassembly and assembly the valve and the drives:

- 15 mm and 17 mm spanners to remove the shaft of the valve of DN25 size,
- two 17 mm spanners to remove the shaft of the valve of DN40 to DN100 size,
- 13 mm spanner for the clamps,
- appropiate tool (not piercing) to mount the seat seals,
- 30 mm socket wrench to remove the lantern.

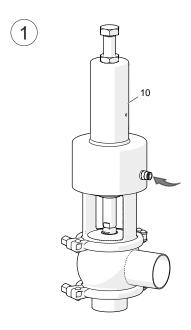
8.4.1. Disassembly

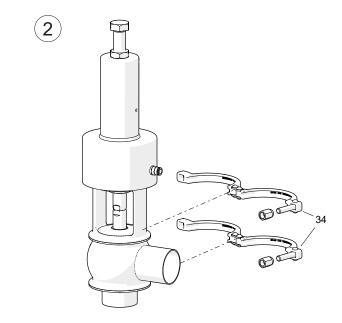
- 1. Apply compressed air to the actuator (10) so the valve shaft (08) passes to the open position.
- 2. Loose and separate the clamps (34).
- 3. Separate the valve body (01) from the actuator (10) lantern (21) shaft valve(08) assembly.
- 4. Separate the bottom port (02) and the O-ring (20B) from the valve body (01).
- 5. Unscrew the valve shaft (08) from the actuator (10) shaft by two spanners.
- 6. Finish unscrewing the valve shaft (08) manually.
- 7. Remove the seat seals (05D) following the instructions of chapter 8.5. Replacing the seat seal.
- 8. Remove the valve top body cap (12), which has been housed in the lantern (21).
- 9. Remove the guide bushing (17), the shaft seal (05), and the O-ring (20B) from the valve top body cap (12).
- 10. With a socket wrench, loose threaded guide from the actuator (10) to separate de lantern (21) from the actuator (10).
- 11. Remove the pin (56).
- 12. Release the compressed air from the actuator (10).

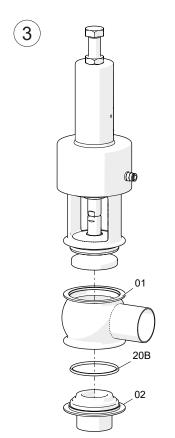
8.4.2. Assembly

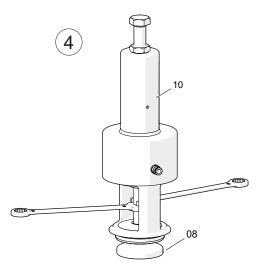
- 1. Place the lantern (21) to the actuator (10) and fix its position with the pin (56).
- 2. Apply compressed air to the actuator (10).
- 3. Fix the lantern (21) to the actuator (10) with a socket wrench.
- 4. Place the guide bushing (17) on the valve top body cap (12).
- 5. Place the shaft seal (05) and the O-ring (20B) on the valve top body cap (12).
- 6. Place the valve top body cap (12) in the lantern (21).
- 7. Mount the seat seals (05D) on the valve shaft (08) following the instructions of chapter 8.5. Replacing the seat seal.
- 8. Thread the valve shaft (08) with the actuator (10) shaft by two spanners.
- 9. Place the top clamp (34) that joins the lantern (21) with the body (01). The body is steerable 360°,

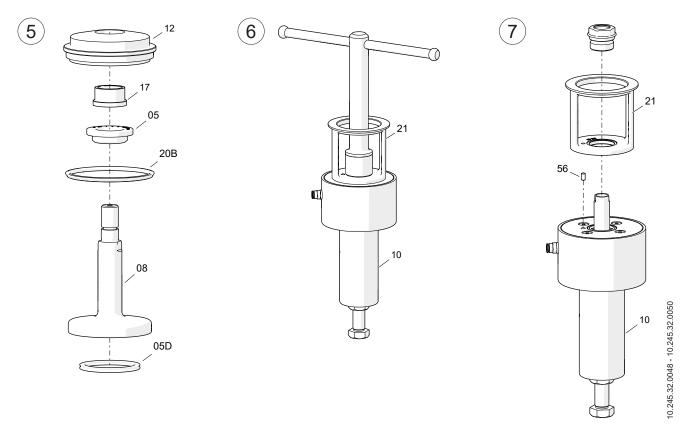
- 10. Place the O-ring (20B) on the bottom port (02).
- 11. Place the bottom port (02) on the valve body (01) and fix it with the bottom clamp (34).
- 12. Release de compressed air to the actuator (10).
- 13. If necessary, tare the valve with the regulate screw (22) and fix the nut (26).





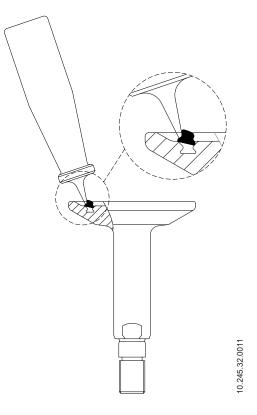


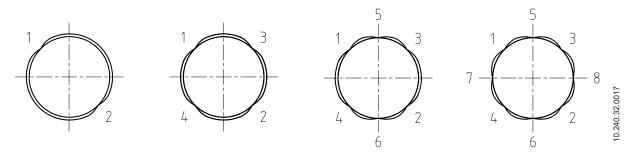




8.5. REPLACING THE SEAT SEAL

- 1. Put the plug shaft in a vertical position —for example, with a bench clamp- so that the shaft is kept stable and no damage is caused to the mating surface of the conical seal. Do not press the shaft too much if using a bench clamp.
- 2. Remove the used seal using a screwdriver or a sharp hook-shaped tool. Make sure not to damage the mating surface of the seal.
- 3. Lubricate the new seat seal with soapy water if necessary to facilitate installation.
- 4. Insert the seal in the plug shaft seat accommodation so that its edges are inside the accommodation. Preferably, the seal should fit within the part of the section that has the greatest diameter, as shown in the figure.
- 5. Then, with the help of an appropriate tool (not piercing), press the edge of the seal that has not yet fit into the accommodation, as shown in the figure.
- 6. This operation should be done around the entire diameter, applying the tool in the sequence **1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8** as shown in the bottom figure. Always press on opposite sides. Once you get to the last step of this sequence, repeat the process until the seal is completely inside the accommodation.
- 7. Press the seal with your fingers to make sure it is will seated. Make sure there are no parts projecting due to poor positioning of the seal.





8.6. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF THE ACTUATOR



Proceed with caution. Personal injury can occur.

Do not apply compressed air until the disassembly and/or assembly process has finished. The disassembly and assembly of the actuator should only be done by qualified persons.

The following tools are needed in order to disassembly and assembly the valve and the drives:

- a 22 mm spanner for the actuators of the valve of DN25 size,
- a 27 mm spanner for the actuators of the valve of DN40 to DN100 size,
- allen spanner nº 2.

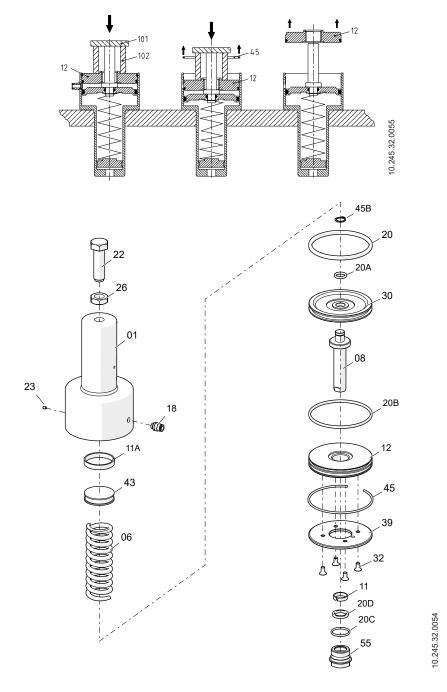
8.6.1. Disassembly

- 1. If you want the same set value when you mount the valve, mark the part of the regulation screw (22) that projects the nut (26) to sign its position.
- 2. Loosen the regulation screw (22) completely to disassembly the nut (26) and the regulation screw (22).
- 3. Remove the air fitting (18).
- 4. Remove the pin (23) from the actuator body (01).
- 5. Loosen and remove the bottom threaded guide (55).
- 6. Remove the O-ring (20D) from the outside of the actuator bottom threaded guide (55).
- 7. Remove the O-ring (20C) and the ring (11) from the inner of the actuator bottom threaded guide (55).
- 8. Remove the screws (32) and the actuator back cover (39).
- 9. Place the actuator on the base of a press or the lathe collet and place a thick tube (102) and a shim (101) on the free end of the actuator as shown in figure 10.245.32.0055.
- 10. Apply force on the shim (101). When the cover (12) has lowered 15-20 mm remove the retaining ring (45).
- 11. Reduce the force on the cover (12) slowly until you note that the spring does not already exert pressure. At this time, the actuator cover (12) will have been free.
- 12. Disassemble the actuator top cover (12).
- 13. Remove the O-ring (20B) from the actuator top cover (12).
- 14. Remove the shaft (08) piston (30) from the actuator body (01).
- 15. Remove the elastic ring (45B) to separate the piston (30) from the shaft (08).
- 16. Remove the O-ring (20,20A) from the actuator piston (30).
- 17. Remove the spring (06) from the actuator body (01).
- 18. Remove the spring stop (43).
- 19. Remove the guide (11A) from the spring stop (43).

8.6.2. **Asembly**

- 1. Place the guide (11A) on the spring stop (43).
- 2. Insert the spring stop (43) inside of the actuator body (01).
- 3. Insert the spring (06) inside of the actuator body (01).
- 4. Assemble the O-rings (20,20A) on the actuator piston (30).
- 5. Fix the piston (30) on the actuator shaft (08) with the elastic ring (45B).
- 6. Place the shaft (08) piston (30) assembly inside of the actuator body (01).
- 7. Assemble the O-ring (20B) on the actuator top cover (12).
- 8. Assemble the top cover (12) on the actuator body (01).

- 9. Place the actuator on the base of a press or the lathe collet and place a thick tube (102) and a shim (101) as shown in figure 10.245.32.0055.
- 10. Apply force on the shim (101) to bring the actuator top cover (12) down 15 20 mm.
- 11. Place the retaining ring (45).
- 12. Reduce the force slowly until the shim (101) does not touch the actuator base.
- 13. Place the actuator back cover (39) and fix it with the screws (32A).
- 14. Assemble the O-ring (20C) and the ring (11) on the inner of the actuator bottom threaded guide (55).
- 15. Assemble the O-ring (20D) outside of the actuator bottom threaded guide (55).
- 16. Assemble the bottom threaded guide (55) on the actuator.
- 17. Place the pin (23) on the actuator body (01).
- 18. Assemble the air fitting (18) on the actuator body (01).
- 19. Place the regulating screw (22) on the actuator body (01) and tighten it until the mark that it has been realised during the actuator disassembly process.
- 20. Fix the regulating screw (23) with the nut (26).
- 21. Apply compressed air to check the correct operation of the actuator.



9. Technical Specifications

9.1. VALVE

Maximum working pressure Minimum working pressure Opening pressure range Maximum working temperature 1000 kPa (10 bar)

vacuum

50 kPa - 600 kPa (0,5 bar - 6 bar)

121°C (250°F) EPDM seals

(for highers temperatures other grades of seals will be used)

9.2. ACTUATOR

Compressed air pressure Compressed air quality

600 kPa - 800 kPa (6 - 8 bar) per ISO 8573-1:2010:

- <u>Solid particulate content</u>: quality class 3, max. particle dimension = 5 μ, max particle density = 5 mg/m³.
- Water content: quality class 4, max. dew point = 2°C.
 If the valve is used at a high altitude or under low ambient temperature conditions, the dew point must be adjusted accordingly.
- Oil content: quality class 5, preferentially oil free, max.
 25 mg oil per 1 m³ air.

Compressed air fitting

G 1/8

Compressed air consumption (litres N/cycle of $P_{rel} = 6$ bar)

T1	T2	Т3
0,70	0,18	0,31

9.3. MATERIALS

Parts in contact with the product Other steel parts

Seals in contact with the product

Internal surface finish External surface finish

1.4404 (AISI 316L) 1.4301 (AISI 304)

EPDM (standard) - FPM - HNBR

bright polish Ra ≤ 0,8 μm

matt

9.5. SIZES AVAILABLES

DIN EN 10357 serie A (formerly DIN 11850 series 2)

ASTM A269/270

(corresponds to OD tube)

Connections

DN 25 - DN 100

OD 1" - OD 4"

weld, male, clamp

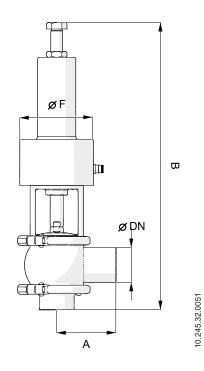
9.4. WEIGHTS

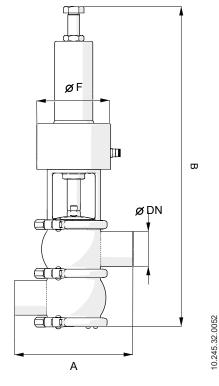
		Weight [kg]						
DN		1	1	1	Γ2	Т3		
		1 body	2 bodies 1 body 2 bod		2 bodies	1 body 2 bodie		
	25	4,3	5,0	-	-	-	-	
	40	5,3	6,5	-	-	-	-	
N D	50	-	-	8,1	9,7	-	-	
	65	-	-	-	-	14,2	16,9	
	80 -		-	-	-	15,5	19,0	
	100 -		-	=	-	18,8	23,8	

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		Weight [kg]						
	DN	T1		1	Γ2	Т3		
		1 body	2 bodies	1 body 2 bodies		1 body	2 bodies	
	1"	4,3	5,0	-	-	-	-	
	1½"	5,3	6,4	-	-	-	-	
OD	2"	-	-	8,1	9,6	-	-	
0	2½" -		-	-	-	14,1	16,6	
	3"	-	-			15,3	18,6	
	4"	-	-	-	-	18,7	23,6	

9.6. DIMENSIONS

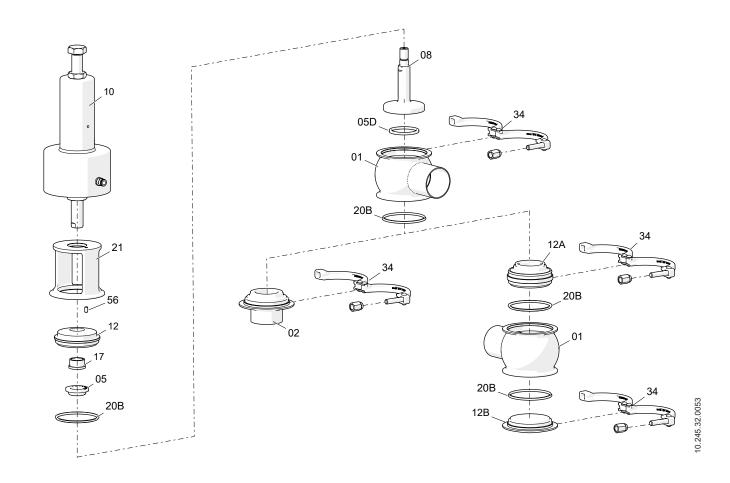




	DN	Dimensions [mm]				
	DN	Α	В	ØF		
	25	50	385	87		
	40	85	405	87		
N D	50	90	445	112		
	65	110	495	145		
	80	125	510	145		
	100	150	530	145		
	1"	50	385	87		
	1½"	85	405	87		
0	2"	90	440	112		
0	21/2"	110	490	145		
	3"	125	505	145		
	4"	150	530	145		

DN -		Dime	Dimensions [mm]				
		Α	В	ØF			
	25	100	420	87			
	40	170	445	87			
N O	50	180	495	112			
	65	220	555	145			
	80	250	585	145			
	100	300	605	145			
	1"	100	410	87			
	1½"	170	440	87			
0	2"	180	490	112			
0	21/2"	220	545	145			
	3"	250	570	145			
	4"	300	600	145			

9.7. EXPLODED DRAWING AND PARTS LIST OF THE VALVE



Position	Description -		ntity	- Material
Position	Description	\mathbf{A}^{1}	B^2	- Material
01	body	1	2	1.4404 (AISI 316L)
02	bottom part	1	-	1.4404 (AISI 316L)
05	shaft seal ³	1	1	EPDM / FPM / HNBR
05D	flat seat seal ³	1	1	EPDM / FPM / HNBR
08	shaft	1	1	1.4404 (AISI 316L)
10	actuator	1	1	1.4307 (AISI 304L)
12	top body cap	1	1	1.4404 (AISI 316L)
12A	separator bushing	-	1	1.4404 (AISI 316L)
12B	bottom body cap	-	1	1.4404 (AISI 316L)
17	guide bushing ³	1	1	PTFE
20B	O-ring ³	2	4	EPDM / FPM / HNBR
21	lantern	1	1	1.4301 (AISI 304)
34	clamp	2	3	1.4301 (AISI 304)
56	pin	1	1	A2

^{1) 1} body (L / T)
2) 2 bodies (A / B / C / D)
3) recommended spare parts

NOTES				
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NOTES				
/ LL.			R	

NOTES				
/ LL.			R	

How to contact INOXPA S.A.U.:

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